

Important changes to Act2 actuarial certificates

Act2 Solutions have recently updated their actuarial certificate to reflect the Exempt Current Pension Income (ECPI) changes that came into effect for the 2017/18 financial year. There are two new and important sections added to the actuarial certificate that you need to be aware of.

Eligibility to use the segregated method

The first new section added to the actuarial certificate that you need to be aware of is section 1.4 'Other Information'. The first dot point under this section will highlight whether the fund has Disregarded Small Fund Assets (i.e. ineligible to use the segregated method) or there are no Disregarded Small Fund Assets (i.e. eligible to use the segregated method). It is important to make sure this statement is correct as for some funds it will determine whether they have deemed segregated assets or not. An example screenshot of the new section 1.4 'Other Information' follows below.

1.4 Other Information

Based on the information provided to us, we understand that:

- there were no Disregarded Small Fund Assets as defined in section 295-387 of the Act applicable to the Fund at any time during the year of income;

Whether a fund has Disregarded Small Fund Assets or not is based on what you declare when completing the actuarial certificate application. We recommend getting in the habit of double checking that this statement is correct every time you receive an actuarial certificate as a simple error could potentially have a material impact on the actuary's tax exempt percentage.



One mistake we are beginning to see from clients is in relation to the question 'Is the SMSF eligible to use the segregated method for claiming ECPI in the given income year?'. On the application form, some clients are automatically assuming that the question being asked is whether the fund has elected to set aside assets during the year to be segregated. This is incorrect.

One mistake we are beginning to see from clients is in relation to the question 'Is the SMSF eligible to use the segregated method for claiming ECPI in the given income year?'. On the application form, some clients are automatically assuming that the question being asked is whether the fund has elected to set aside assets during the year to be segregated. This is incorrect. The question being asked is whether the fund has Disregarded Small Fund Assets or not. In other words, if there is a member just prior to the beginning of the financial year that has a Total Super Balance of more than \$1.6 million and is receiving a retirement income stream (whether it is inside or outside the SMSF) then the fund will have Disregarded Small Fund Assets (i.e. ineligible to use the segregated method). To learn more about Disregarded Small Fund Assets you can read more about it [here](#).

ECPI Method

The second new section added to the actuarial certificate that you need to be aware of is section 1.2 'Relevant Periods of the Income Year'. This section identifies if the fund has deemed segregated periods, and if so, when those periods occurred. It will also confirm the tax treatment on the relevant earnings throughout the financial year. This section is reliant on whether the fund can use the segregated method or not, so once again make sure you are satisfied with the statement that is provided under section 1.4 'Other Information'.

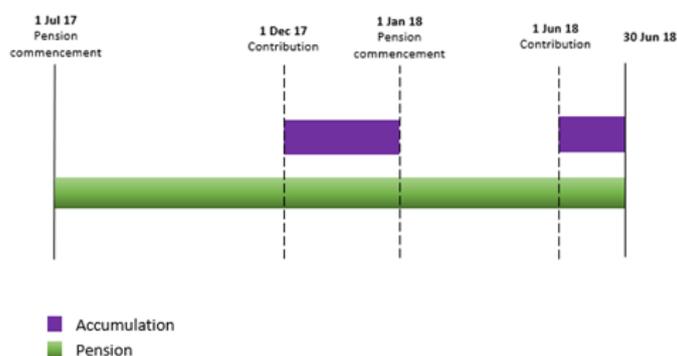
One of the biggest misconceptions we have seen lately relating to actuarial certificates is that if there are two or more unsegregated periods during a given financial year then an actuarial certificate is required for each period. This is incorrect. Regardless of how many unsegregated periods there are in a given year, an SMSF will only require one actuarial certificate per financial year in order to claim ECPI under the unsegregated method. To clear things up, let's run through an example of how to calculate ECPI when there are multiple unsegregated and deemed segregated periods.

Example 1

William is the sole member of the Wild & Free Super Fund. Just prior to the beginning of the 2017/18 financial year, William's Total Superannuation Balance

is less than \$1.6 million. This means that the Wild & Free Super Fund is eligible to use the segregated method for the 2017/18 financial year.

At 1 July 2017, William commences an Account Based Pension with his entire accumulation balance. On 1 December 2017, William receives a contribution and doesn't commence pension with that amount until 1 January 2018. William remains entirely in pension phase until 1 June 2018 when he receives another contribution.



In this example we can see that there are two periods during the year where the fund is solely supporting pension phase (1 July 2017 - 30 November 2018 and 1 January 2018 - 29 May 2018). As this fund is eligible to use the segregated method for the 2017/18 financial year, the fund will be deemed to be segregated for those periods and the income received during those periods must be claimed as exempt using the segregated method. To claim ECPI for the unsegregated periods (1 December 2018 - 31 December 2018 and 1 June 2018 - 30 June 2018), an actuarial certificate will be required. Remember, even though there are two unsegregated periods, only one actuarial certificate is required.

